

- 1 A child kicks a ball so that it leaves horizontal ground with a velocity of  $28 \text{ m s}^{-1}$  at an angle of  $34^\circ$  to the horizontal, as shown in Fig. 1.1.

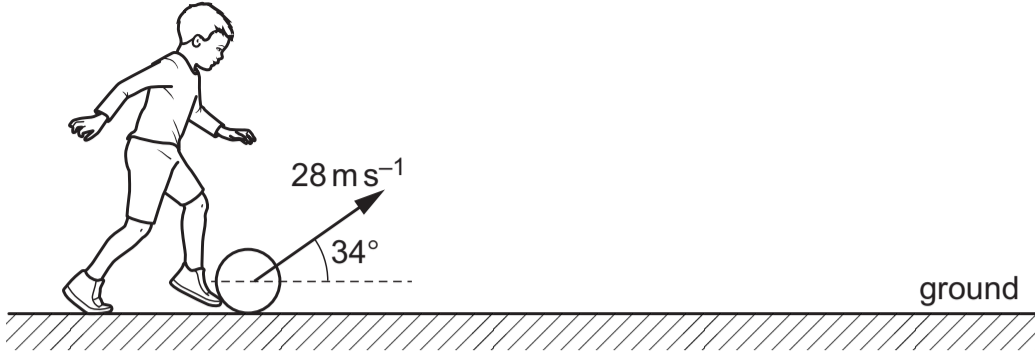


Fig. 1.1

Air resistance is negligible. The ball leaves the ground at time  $t = 0$ .

- (a) (i) Calculate the horizontal component  $v_H$  and the vertical component  $v_V$  of the velocity of the ball immediately after it has left the ground.

$$v_H = \dots\dots\dots \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

$$v_V = \dots\dots\dots \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

[2]

- (ii) Show that the ball reaches its maximum height at time  $t = 1.6 \text{ s}$ .

[1]

- (b) The total change in momentum of the ball between leaving the ground at  $t = 0$  and landing on the ground at  $t = 3.2 \text{ s}$  is  $13 \text{ kg m s}^{-1}$ .

- (i) Define momentum.

.....  
 ..... [1]

- (ii) Calculate the force that acts on the ball while it is in the air.

$$\text{force} = \dots\dots\dots \text{ N} [2]$$

- (iii) Determine the mass of the ball.

$$\text{mass} = \dots\dots\dots \text{ kg} [1]$$