

5 (a) Define electric potential at a point.

.....  
.....  
..... [2]

(b) A hydrogen atom may be considered to consist of a proton and an electron separated by a distance of 120 pm, as shown in Fig. 5.1.

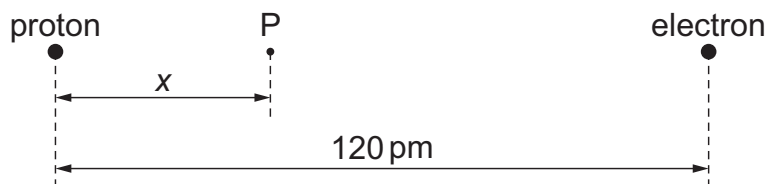


Fig. 5.1

The two particles may be considered as point charges.

Point P lies on the line joining the electron and the proton and is at a variable distance  $x$  from the proton.

(i) Show that the electric potential  $V$  at point P when  $x = 10$  pm is equal to 130 V.

[2]

(ii) Calculate, to two significant figures,  $V$  when  $x = 30$  pm.

$V = \dots\dots\dots$  V [2]