

2 (a) The equation of state for an ideal gas may be expressed as

$$pV = NkT.$$

(i) State the meaning of each of the symbols in this equation.

$p$ : .....

$V$ : .....

$N$ : .....

$k$ : .....

$T$ : .....

[3]

(ii) Using the equation of state, derive an expression for the average translational kinetic energy  $E_K$  of a particle in the gas in terms of some or all of  $N$ ,  $k$  and  $T$ .

$$E_K = \dots\dots\dots [2]$$

(b) A molecule of hydrogen gas consists of two hydrogen atoms, each of nucleon number 1. A molecule of oxygen gas consists of two oxygen atoms, each of nucleon number 16.

Assume that hydrogen and oxygen both behave as ideal gases.

A sample of hydrogen gas is at the same temperature as a sample of oxygen gas.

For the two samples, determine the ratio

$$\frac{\text{root-mean-square (r.m.s.) speed of hydrogen molecules}}{\text{root-mean-square (r.m.s.) speed of oxygen molecules}} .$$

$$\text{ratio} = \dots\dots\dots [2]$$

[Total: 7]