

. Answer the following questions about an experiment in which $\text{CaCO}_3(s)$ is combined with $\text{HCl}(aq)$, represented by the following balanced equation.



(a) Write the balanced net ionic equation for the reaction.

A student performs an investigation to study factors that affect the rate of the reaction. In each trial the student combines 50.0 mL of $\text{HCl}(aq)$ at 21.2° C with 1.00 g of $\text{CaCO}_3(s)$ and measures the time required for the reaction to go to completion. The data are given in the following table.

Trial	Concentration of $\text{HCl}(aq)$ (M)	Particle Size of $\text{CaCO}_3(s)$	Time of Reaction (s)
1	1.00	Fine powder	67
2	1.00	Small chunks	112
3	1.00	Large chunk	342
4	3.00	Fine powder	22
5	3.00	Small chunks	227
6	3.00	Large chunk	114

(b) The student correctly identifies that trial 5 is inconsistent with the other trials. Explain why the student’s claim is correct using the data in the table.

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE.

Continue your response to **QUESTION 3** on this page.

(c) Based on the reaction conditions and the collisions that occur between particles, explain the reason for the difference in the reaction times for trial 2 and trial 3.

(d) The student claims that the reaction is zero order with respect to $\text{HCl}(aq)$. Do you agree or disagree with the student’s claim? Justify your answer using the student’s data.

(e) The $\text{HCl}(aq)$ was present in excess in all trials of the experiment. Determine the molarity of the $\text{HCl}(aq)$ in the beaker after the reaction is complete in trial 2. Assume that the volume of the mixture remains constant at 50.0 mL throughout the trial. (The molar mass of CaCO_3 is 100.09 g/mol.)

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE.

Continue your response to **QUESTION 3** on this page.



In order to measure the enthalpy of the reaction shown, the student repeats trial 1 by mixing 50.0 mL of $\text{HCl}(aq)$ with 1.00 g of $\text{CaCO}_3(s)$ using a coffee cup calorimeter. The student records the temperature of the system every 20 seconds. The data are given in the following table.

Time (s)	Measured Temperature of Solution (° C)
0	21.20
20	21.51
40	21.70
60	21.85
80	21.90
100	21.90

(f) Is the reaction endothermic or exothermic? Justify your answer using the information in the table.

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE.

Continue your response to **QUESTION 3** on this page.

(g) Based on the experimental data, the mass of the system is 51.0 g, and the specific heat of the reaction mixture is 4.0 J / (g · ° C).

(i) Calculate the magnitude of heat transfer, q , in joules.

(ii) Calculate the enthalpy of reaction in units of kJ/mol_{rxn}. Include the algebraic sign on your answer.

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE.