

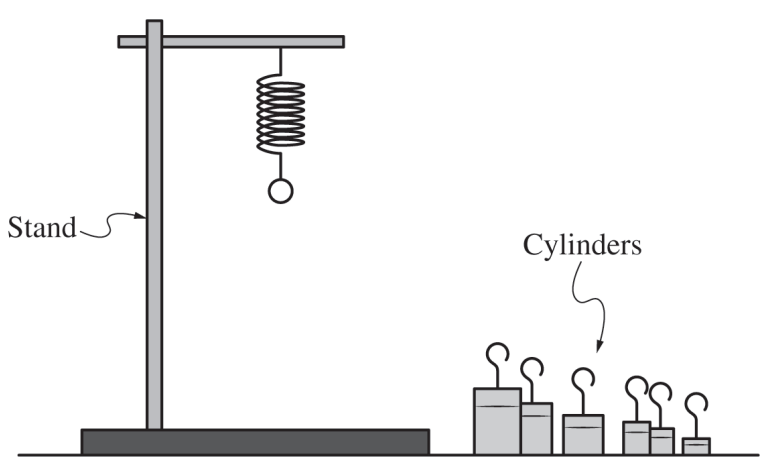


Figure 1

2. (12 points, suggested time 25 minutes)

A student hangs a spring of unknown spring constant k vertically by attaching one end to a stand, as shown in Figure 1. The other end of the spring has a small loop from which small cylinders can be hung. In addition to the spring, the student has access only to a variety of cylinders of unknown masses, a stopwatch, and a digital scale.

(a) Design an experimental procedure the student could use to determine the spring constant k of the spring.

In the following table, list the quantities that would be measured using only the provided equipment in your experiment. Define a symbol to represent each quantity.

In the space below the table, **describe** the overall procedure. Provide enough detail so that another student could replicate the experiment, including any steps necessary to reduce experimental uncertainty. As needed, use the symbols defined in the table. If needed, you may include a simple diagram of the setup with your procedure.

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Quantity to Be Measured	Symbol for Quantity	Equipment for Measurement
		Stopwatch
		Digital scale
Procedure (and diagram, if needed)		

(b)

i. **Indicate** the quantities that could be plotted to produce a linear graph whose slope can be used to determine the spring constant k of the spring.

Vertical axis: _____ Horizontal axis: _____

ii. Briefly **describe** how the slope of the graph would be analyzed to determine the spring constant k of the spring.

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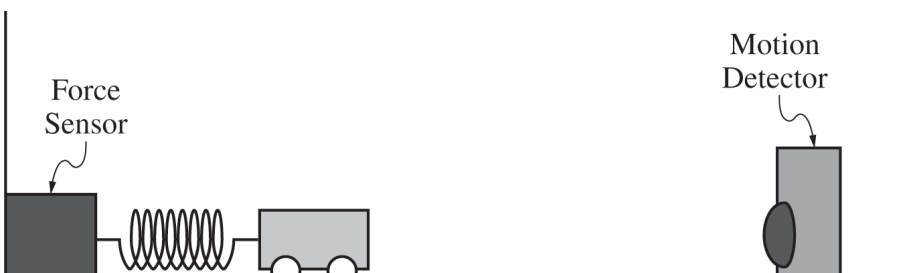
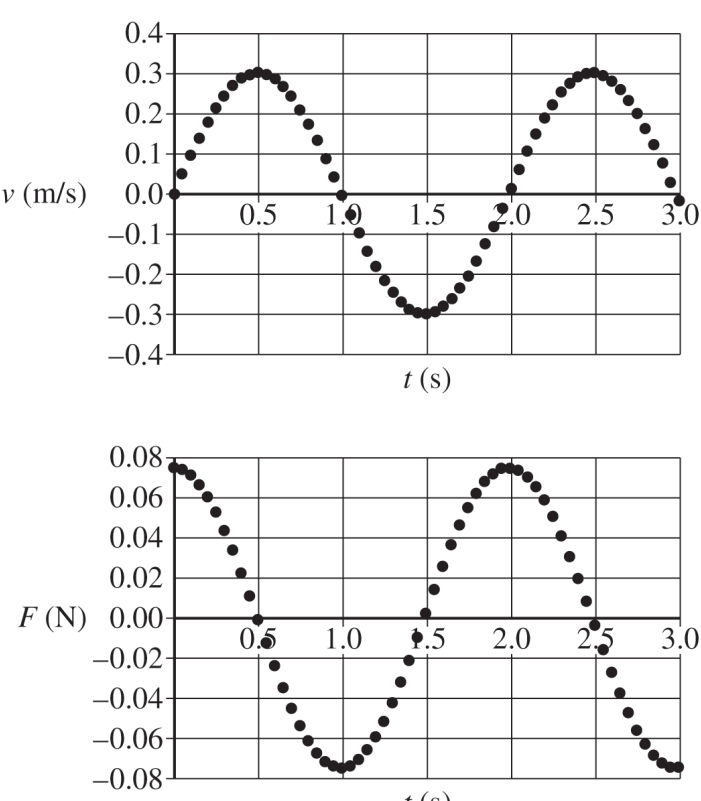


Figure 2

In a different experiment, the student attaches one end of a spring to a force sensor that is attached to a wall. The other end of the spring is attached to a cart with mass $m = 0.25$ kg. The student places a motion detector to the right of the cart, as shown in Figure 2, and pulls the cart to the right a small distance so that the spring is stretched. The student releases the cart from rest, and the cart-spring system oscillates.

The following graphs show the velocity v of the cart and the force F exerted on the cart by the spring as functions of time t .



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(c)

i. Using the data in the velocity-time graph, **calculate** the change in kinetic energy of the cart from $t = 0.5$ s to $t = 2.0$ s. Show your steps and substitutions.

ii. Using the data in the force-time graph, **estimate** the change in momentum of the cart from $t = 0.5$ s to $t = 2.5$ s. Briefly **explain** how you arrived at your estimation.

iii. Do the data from the velocity-time graph confirm your estimation from part (c)(ii) ? Briefly **explain**.

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