

3 A student investigates the refraction of light in the material of a transparent block.

Fig. 3.1 shows the ray-trace sheet. The student places a transparent block on the sheet and labels the block **ABCD**.

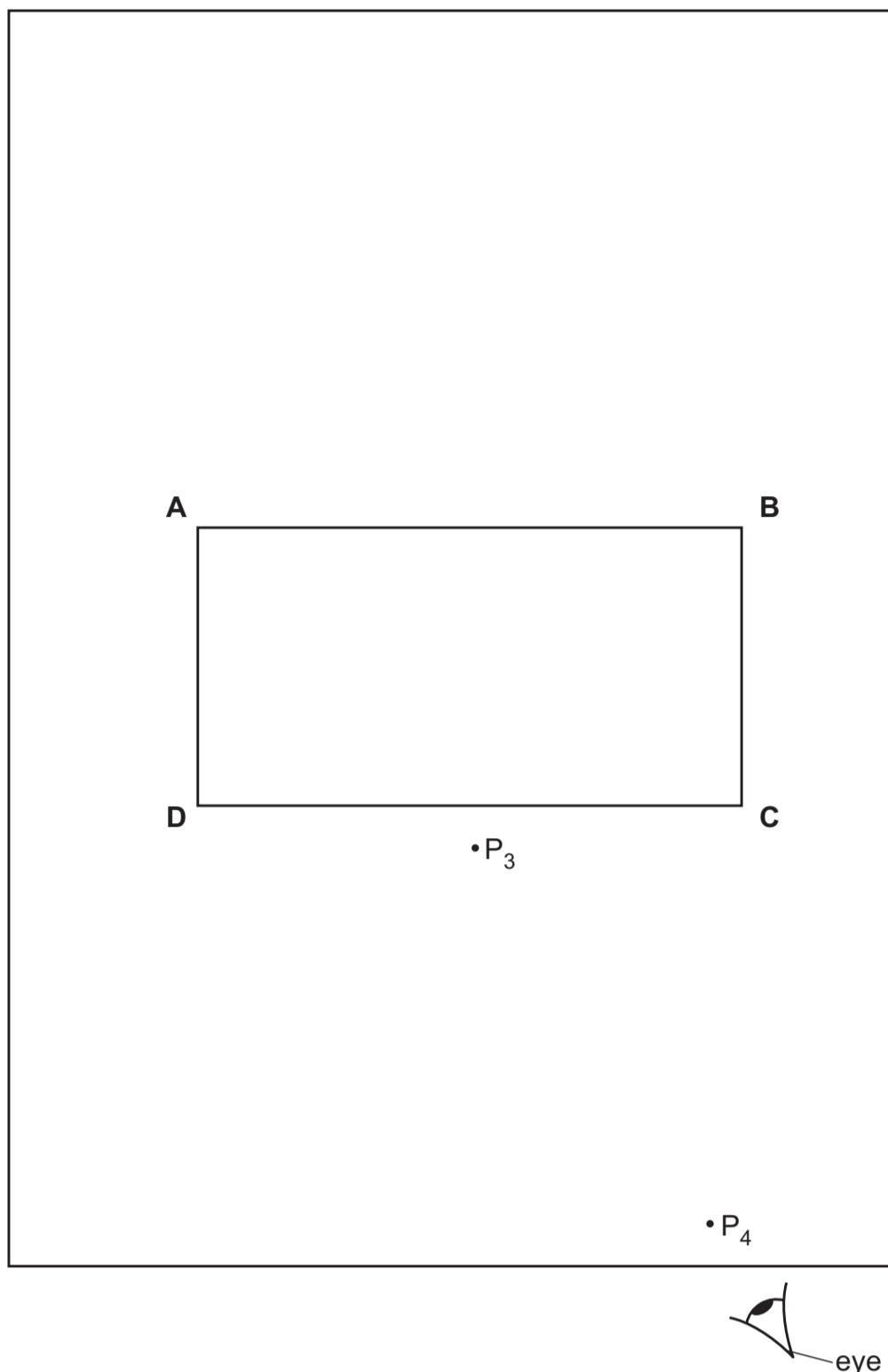


Fig. 3.1

(a) On Fig. 3.1, draw a normal **NL** to the side **AB** of the transparent block at a distance 2.0 cm from **A**. Continue the normal so that it passes through side **CD** of the block.

Label the point **S** where **NL** crosses **AB**.

[2]

(b) • Draw a line **RS** at an angle  $i = 30^\circ$  to the normal, above **AB** and to the left of the normal.  
 • The student places two pins  $P_1$  and  $P_2$  on line **RS**. Mark, with two crosses (X), on line **RS**, positions of the pins at a suitable distance apart for this experiment.

[2]

(c) The student looks from the position of the eye shown in Fig. 3.1, to observe the images of  $P_1$  and  $P_2$  through side **CD** of the block. He adjusts his line of sight until the images of  $P_1$  and  $P_2$  appear exactly one behind the other.

He places two pins  $P_3$  and  $P_4$  between side **CD** of the block and his eye so that  $P_3$ ,  $P_4$  and the images of  $P_1$  and  $P_2$  seen through the block, appear exactly one behind the other.

The positions of  $P_3$  and  $P_4$  are shown on Fig. 3.1.

- Draw a line through the positions of  $P_3$  and  $P_4$ . Continue the line until it meets the normal **NL** and label that point **E**.
- Label the other end of the line **F**.
- Measure the acute angle  $\theta$  between **EF** and the normal. An acute angle is an angle less than  $90^\circ$ .

angle  $\theta = \dots\dots\dots$  [2]

(d) (i) Tick **one** box to complete the sentence.

To produce the most accurate ray-trace, a student places the pins  $P_1$  and  $P_2$

- exactly 5.0 cm apart.
- less than 5.0 cm apart.
- more than 5.0 cm apart.

[1]

(ii) Suggest **two** other techniques that the student can use to produce an accurate ray-trace.

1. ....
2. ....

[2]

(e) The student plans to investigate the relationship between angle  $i$  and angle  $\theta$ . The student takes more sets of readings to test the relationship. List suitable values of angle  $i$  that the student can use.

.....  
 .....

[2]