

3 A student investigates the image produced by a converging lens.

He uses the equipment shown in Fig. 3.1.

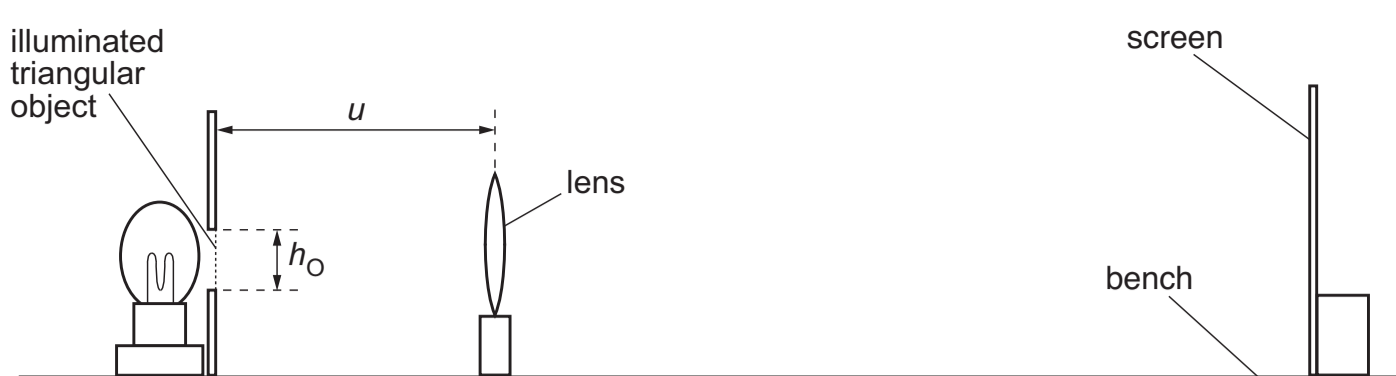


Fig. 3.1 (not to scale)

- (a) The student sets the distance u between the illuminated triangular object and the lens to 20.0 cm. He moves the screen until a sharp image of the illuminated triangular object is seen on the screen.

Briefly describe **one** technique to obtain an image on the screen which is as sharp as possible in this experiment.

.....
 [1]

- (b) (i) The screen is shown full size in Fig. 3.2. Measure, and record in the first line of Table 3.1, the height h_I of the image on the screen, as shown in Fig. 3.2.

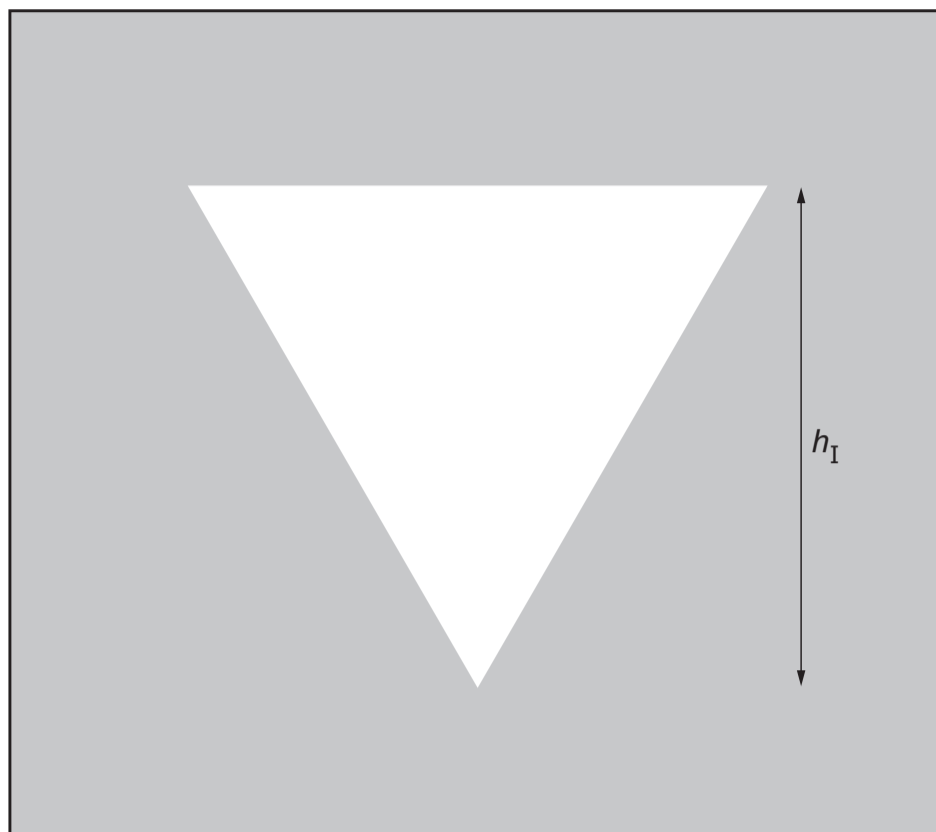


Fig. 3.2

Table 3.1

u/cm	h_I/cm	$D/\frac{1}{\text{cm}}$
20.0		
25.0	2.8	0.36
30.0	2.0	0.50
35.0	1.6	0.63
40.0	1.2	0.83

[1]

- (ii) For distance $u = 20.0$ cm, calculate, and record in Table 3.1, a value D . Use your value of h_I from Table 3.1 and the equation:

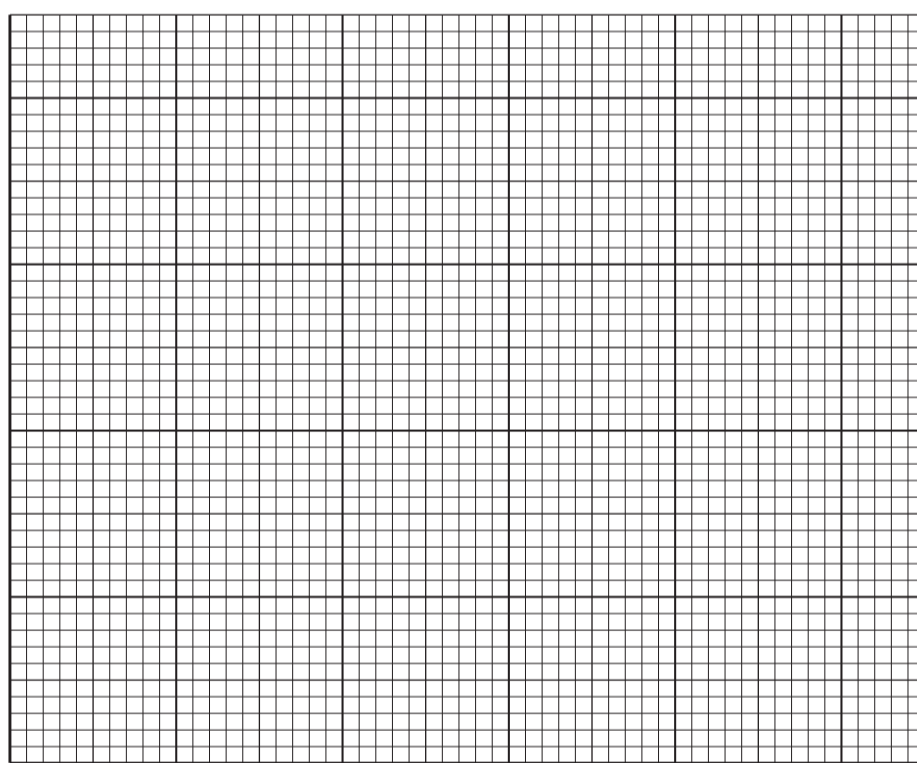
$$D = \frac{1}{h_I}$$

[1]

- (c) The student repeats the procedure for $u = 25.0$ cm, $u = 30.0$ cm, $u = 35.0$ cm and $u = 40.0$ cm. His results are shown in Table 3.1.

Plot a graph of u/cm (y -axis) against $D/\frac{1}{\text{cm}}$ (x -axis). Start the axes at the origin (0,0).

Draw a best-fit straight line.



[4]

- (d) (i) From your graph, determine u_0 , the value of u when D is zero.

$u_0 = \dots\dots\dots$ cm [1]

- (ii) Determine the gradient G of the graph.

Show clearly on the graph how you obtained the necessary information.

$G = \dots\dots\dots$ [1]

- (e) The illuminated object is shown full size in Fig. 3.3.

Measure and record the height h_O of the illuminated triangular object shown in Fig. 3.3.

$h_O = \dots\dots\dots$ cm

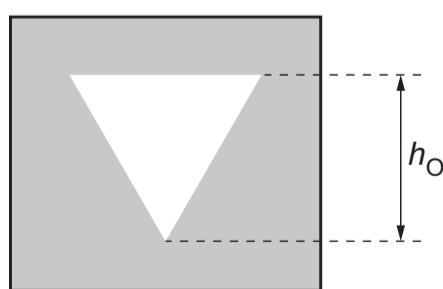


Fig. 3.3

Calculate the focal length f of the lens. Use your value of h_O , your value of G from (d)(ii) and the equation:

$$f = \frac{G}{h_O} \times k, \text{ where } k = 1.0 \text{ cm}^2.$$

$f = \dots\dots\dots$ cm [1]

- (f) Describe **one** difficulty that can be experienced when measuring the height of the image in this experiment.

Suggest an improvement to overcome this difficulty.

difficulty

improvement

[1]