

7.9 Logistic Models with Differential Equations

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Total: 9 marks

Objective

Build the skills to answer exam questions on the **logistic model** —growth limited by a carrying capacity.

You must be able to:

- read the **carrying capacity** 环境容纳量 L from $\frac{dP}{dt} = kP\left(1 - \frac{P}{L}\right)$
- state the long-run limit $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} P = L$
- find where growth is **fastest** ($P = \frac{L}{2}$)

1 Worked examples

Study these first. Each one shows the method for a question type used later —follow the steps and you can do the Practice and Exam-style questions yourself.

■ The logistic equation

Real growth slows as resources run out. The logistic model is

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = kP\left(1 - \frac{P}{L}\right),$$

where L is the **carrying capacity** —the population level the system can sustain.

■ Reading L off the equation

L is the value that makes the bracket zero. From $\frac{dP}{dt} = 0.03P\left(1 - \frac{P}{800}\right)$, the carrying capacity is $L = 800$.

■ The long-run limit

Whatever the (positive) start, P approaches L : $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} P = L$. Here $P \rightarrow 800$. If P starts above L it decreases toward L ; below L it increases toward L .

■ Fastest growth at $L/2$

The growth rate $\frac{dP}{dt}$ is largest at the **inflection point** $P = \frac{L}{2}$ —the middle of the S-shaped curve. Here that is $P = 400$.

2 Practice

Now apply the methods above.

2.1 For $\frac{dP}{dt} = 0.5P\left(1 - \frac{P}{2000}\right)$, state the carrying capacity. [1]

2.2 For the same model, state $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} P$ (given $P(0) = 100$). [1]

2.3 At what population is growth fastest for that model? [1]

3 Exam-style questions

3.1 In $\frac{dP}{dt} = kP\left(1 - \frac{P}{L}\right)$, growth is fastest when $P =$ [1]

- A 0
 - B $\frac{L}{4}$
 - C $\frac{L}{2}$
 - D L
-

3.2 A fish population follows $\frac{dP}{dt} = 0.2P\left(1 - \frac{P}{5000}\right)$, with $P(0) = 500$.

(a) State the carrying capacity. [1]

(b) State $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} P$. [1]

(c) Find the population at which the population grows fastest. [1]

3.3 A logistic model has carrying capacity 1200 and $P(0) = 1500$. State, with a reason,

whether the population increases or decreases toward the carrying capacity. [2]

4 Go further

You are now ready for the real exam questions on this subtopic:

- work through the **7.9 Logistic Models with Differential Equations** lesson on the **Learn** page;
- read the **Logistic Models with Differential Equations** section of the AP Calculus BC handout on the **Know** page.

Solutions

2.1 $L = 2000$.

2.2 2000.

2.3 $P = 1000$ (i.e. $L/2$).

3.1 C —fastest growth at the inflection point $P = \frac{L}{2}$.

3.2 (a) 5000. (b) 5000. (c) 2500.

3.3 Decreases — $P(0) = 1500 > 1200 = L$, so $1 - \frac{P}{L} < 0$ and $\frac{dP}{dt} < 0$, pulling P down toward 1200.