

# 9.5 Specific Heat and Thermal Conductivity

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Class: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Total: 10 marks

## Objective

Build the skills to answer exam questions on **specific heat** and **thermal conductivity**.

You must be able to:

- use  $Q = mc\Delta T$  with **specific heat** 比热容 to find the heat needed for a temperature change
- explain how **thermal conductivity** 热导率 governs the rate of heat transfer
- compare how different materials store and conduct thermal energy

## 1 Worked examples

Study these first. Each one shows the method for a question type used later.

### ■ Specific heat

$Q = mc\Delta T$ , where  $c$  is in  $\text{J kg}^{-1} \text{K}^{-1}$ . Water's large  $c \approx 4200$  means it takes a lot of heat to warm up.

### ■ Thermal conductivity

A **high** conductivity (metals) transfers heat quickly; a **low** conductivity (wood, air, foam) makes a good insulator.

### ■ Example

To warm 2.0 kg of water by 10 K:  $Q = 2.0 \times 4200 \times 10 = 8.4 \times 10^4 \text{ J}$ .

## 2 Practice

**2.1** Find the heat needed to raise 0.50 kg of water by 20 K (take  $c = 4200 \text{ J kg}^{-1} \text{K}^{-1}$ ). [2]

---

---

**2.2** State what a high thermal conductivity means for the rate of heat transfer. [1]

---

---

**2.3** Two blocks receive the same heat. State which has the greater temperature rise — the one with the larger or smaller specific heat. [1]

---

### 3 Exam-style questions

---

**3.1** The equation  $Q = mc\Delta T$  gives the [1]

- **A** power
  - **B** heat transferred
  - **C** temperature
  - **D** conductivity
- 

**3.2** A good thermal insulator has a [1]

- **A** high thermal conductivity
  - **B** low thermal conductivity
  - **C** high specific heat only
  - **D** zero mass
- 

**3.3** A 0.30 kg metal block ( $c = 900 \text{ J kg}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$ ) is heated from  $20^\circ\text{C}$  to  $70^\circ\text{C}$ .

(a) Find the heat needed. [3]

(b) State the heat needed if the mass were doubled. [1]

### 4 Go further

---

- work through the **9.5 Specific Heat and Thermal Conductivity** lesson on the **Learn** page;
- read the **Thermodynamics** section of the AP Physics 2 handout on the **Know** page.

## Solutions

---

**2.1**  $Q = mc\Delta T = 0.50 \times 4200 \times 20 = 4.2 \times 10^4 \text{ J}$ .

**2.2** heat is transferred quickly (a fast rate).

**2.3** the one with the smaller specific heat.

**3.1** B.

**3.2** B.

**3.3** (a)  $Q = 0.30 \times 900 \times 50 = 1.35 \times 10^4 \text{ J}$ . (b)  $2.7 \times 10^4 \text{ J}$  (double).