

5 Radioactivity – Part 2

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Vocabulary 词汇

Write each word three times. 把每个单词抄写三遍。

English	中文	Write it 3 times (English)		
unstable	不稳定	_____	_____	_____
radiation	辐射	_____	_____	_____
radioactive decay	放射性衰变	_____	_____	_____
random	随机	_____	_____	_____
spontaneous	自发	_____	_____	_____
ionising	电离	_____	_____	_____
paper	纸	_____	_____	_____
aluminium	铝	_____	_____	_____
lead	铅	_____	_____	_____
penetrating	穿透	_____	_____	_____
half-life	半衰期	_____	_____	_____
cells	细胞	_____	_____	_____
dose	剂量	_____	_____	_____
shielding	屏蔽	_____	_____	_____

Recall

From Part 1 you know some nuclei are **unstable** 不稳定. An unstable nucleus breaks down and gives out **radiation** 辐射—this is **radioactive decay** 放射性衰变.

- Decay is **random** 随机 and **spontaneous** 自发 (you cannot speed it up or slow it down).
- There are three types of radiation.

Nothing here is hard—it just compares the three types.

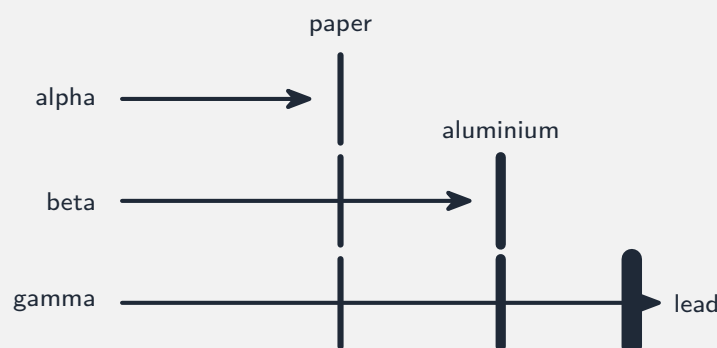
New ideas

Read these first, then do the Practice.

■ 1 Three types of radiation

All three are **ionising** 电离 (they knock electrons off atoms):

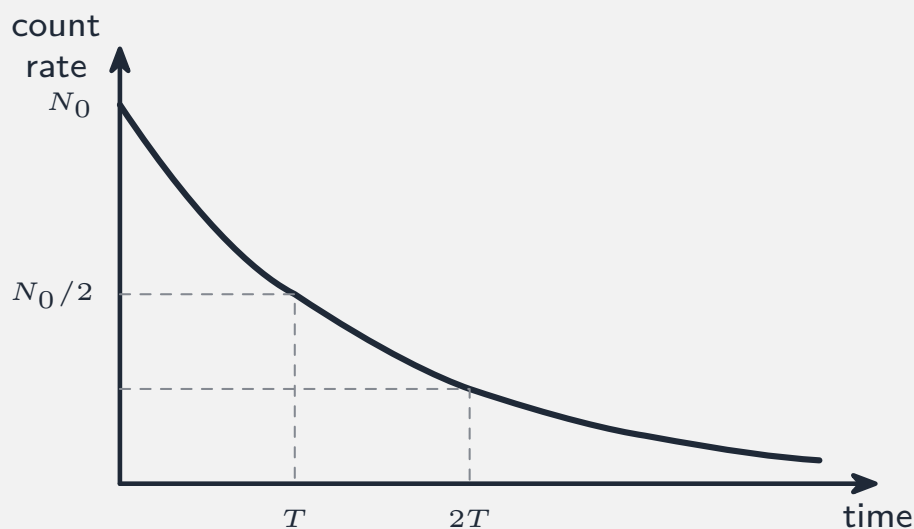
Type	What it is	Stopped by
alpha (α)	a helium nucleus (charge +2)	a sheet of paper 纸
beta (β)	a fast electron (charge -1)	a few mm of aluminium 铝
gamma (γ)	a high-energy wave (no charge)	thick lead 铅 (only reduced)



So alpha is the most **ionising** but least **penetrating** 穿透; gamma is the least ionising but most penetrating.

■ 2 Half-life

The **half-life** 半衰期 is the time for **half** the unstable nuclei in a sample to decay. After each half-life the count rate falls to half.



■ 3 Safety

Radiation harms living **cells** 细胞. Keep the **dose** 剂量 low by: **less time** near the source, **more distance**, and **shielding** 屏蔽 (such as lead).

Watch out: alpha is the most **ionising** but the *least penetrating*; gamma is the opposite. A half-life **halves** the count rate —after two half-lives the rate is a *quarter*, not zero.

Practice

Try these in order.

5.1 Name the three types of radiation. [3]

5.2 Which type is stopped by a sheet of paper? [1]

5.3 Which type is the most penetrating? [1]

5.4 Define the *half-life* of a radioactive isotope. [1]

5.5 A source has a count rate of 800 counts/min and a half-life of 3 hours. What is the

count rate after 6 hours?

[2]

5.6 State two ways to reduce the radiation dose you receive.

[2]

5.7 Challenge. A sample starts at 1600 counts/min and has a half-life of 2 hours. After how many hours will the count rate fall to 200 counts/min?

[3]