

Arrays

Java Reference

1-D arrays

An array 数组 holds a fixed number of values of one type. Index from 0, and get the size with `.length`.

```
public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int[] scores = {88, 71, 95};
        System.out.println(scores[0]);           // 88
        System.out.println(scores.length);      // 3
        scores[1] = 100;
        System.out.println(scores[1]);          // 100
    }
}
```

Array algorithms

Walk the array with a loop to find a max, a total, a count, or to search 查找. A for-each loop (`for (int x : a)`) reads each value in turn.

```
public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int[] a = {3, 9, 2, 7};
        int max = a[0], total = 0;
        for (int x : a) {
            if (x > max) max = x;
            total += x;
        }
        System.out.println(max + " " + total);  // 9 21
    }
}
```

2-D arrays

A 2-D array 二维数组 is a grid 网格 of rows and columns: `grid[row][col]`.

```
public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int[][] grid = {{1, 2, 3}, {4, 5, 6}};
        System.out.println(grid[1][2]);        // 6
        for (int[] row : grid) {
            for (int v : row) System.out.print(v + " ");
        }
    }
}
```

```
    System.out.println();           // 1 2 3 4 5 6
  }
}
```